The M'Kean County Miner.

H. F. BARBOUR, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER. DEVOTED TO HOME INTERESTS, LITERATURE, AND GENERAL INTELLIGENCE. NO. 20.

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H. F. BARBOUR, EDITOR AND PUBLISHER.

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We have a large and complete assortment of Plain and Fancy Type and excellent Presses and are prepared to do all kinds of Plain and Fancy Printing, promptly, cheaply and in good style.

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Law & Land Office.

AGENCY OF THE KEATING LANDS.

Situated in the Counties of McKean, Potter, Cameron, Clearfield and Clarion.

Smethport, Pa.

BACKUS & MILLIKEN,

Attorneys and Counselors at Law,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Will give prompt attention to all business entrusted to their care.

Office—Upstairs in Startwell Block, on Main Street.

W. J. MILLIKEN. JOHN C. BACKUS.

P. FORD,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

Will give attention to all matters pertaining to his profession.

OFFICE—FORD BUILDING,

Church Street, SMETHPORT, PA.

R. H. ROSE,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

SMETHPORT, PA.

Will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care.

OFFICE IN THE COURT HOUSE.

S. W. SMITH,

Attorney and Counselor at Law,

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Will give prompt attention to all business intrusted to his care.

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All business intrusted to his care will receive his personal attention. Particular attention to collections.

PHYSICIANS.

FREEMAN & BROWN,

PHYSICIANS and SURGEONS,

Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.

Will attend promptly to all calls in their profession.

H. L. McCOY,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

Smethport, McKean Co., Pa.

Will attend to all calls in his profession.

D. V. CROSSMIRE,

Resident Physician P. & E. R. R. Co.,

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Prompt attention given to all professional calls.

E. A. VanScoy,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

Bradford, McKean Co. Pa.

Will attend promptly to all calls in his profession.

OFFICE AT THE BRADFORD HOUSE

F. W. HOGARTH,

PHYSICIAN and SURGEON,

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

Will attend to all calls in his profession

OFFICE IN HIS STORE

MISCELLANEOUS.

BINGHAM ESTATE.

ROBT. H. ROSE

Is authorized to receive money for sale, also applications to buy land. He will give information to all calls, and have charge of this Estate, in McKean County. Office in the Court House.

Register's Office in the Court House.

ROBT. H. ROSE,

Agent of the Trustees.

Smethport, Dec 23 1875

W. S. BROWNELL,

DEALER IN

DRY GOODS, GROCERIES,

Hats, Caps,

BOOTS & SHOES,

Etc Etc., Etc.

NOTE - Quick Sales, Small Profits.

Store Opposite Baptist Church.

SMETHPORT, PA.

Patronage Is respectfully solicited.

STARTWELL BROTHERS'

BILLIARD SALOON AND RESTAURANT,

Startwell Block.

Second Floor, SMETHPORT, PA.

S. W. STARTWELL. E. B. STARTWELL.

R. R. SHATTUCK,

WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALER IN

WINES AND LIQUORS,

Olean, N. Y.

Particular attention given to orders by mail or telegraph.

Small or large quantities carefully boxed and shipped

W. T. CALLAR,

DEALER IN

DRUGS,

PAINTS, OILS,

FANCY GOODS,

ETC., ETC., ETC.

KANE, PA.

JOSHUA DAVIS. O. M. JAMES

DAVIS & JAMES,

DEALERS IN

Dry Goods, Groceries, Flour & Feed,

Clothing, Notions,

Hardware and General Merchandise,

KANE, PA.

W. B. SIRRETT & CO.,

WHOLESALE DEALERS IN

FINE HATS, CAPS,

FURS, ROBES, Etc.

Cor. Exchange and Washington Streets,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

The largest dealers in this class of goods in Western New York.

BONNEY'S

UNITED STATES HOTEL,

Terrace, Near Main Street,

BUFFALO, N. Y.

D. BONNEY & SON, Proprietors

P. E. STOWE, Clerk, (late Proprietor of the Ocean House.)

OLEAN HOUSE,

GEO. VAN CAMPEN, PROPRIETOR,

Union Street, Convenient to Depots } OLEAN, N. Y.

SARTWELL HOUSE,

Port Allegany, Pa.

S. C. SARTWELL, Proprietor.

The above house has been recently rebuilt, refurnished and refitted in the latest style for the convenience of guests.

CABINET SHOP,

Mechanic Street, Smethport,

WM. SPECHT, Proprietor.

FURNITURE,

PICTURE FRAMES, Etc.,

Of every description constantly on hand and made to order.

ALFRED STURDEVANT,

Would respectfully inform the citizens of Smethport and Vicinity that he is now prepared to attend to his customers at his New Quarters,

Over the Post-Office.

He is prepared to do

Shaving and Hair Dressing,

In the highest style and at the lowest price. A select assortment of

CIGARS, COLLARS, CUFFS,

And other fancy and useful articles constantly on hand. Call and be satisfied for yourselves.

PAINTING AND GRAINING!

The undersigned is prepared to do all kinds of work in PAINTING and GRAINING in a workmanlike manner and at reasonable rates.

Graining by a New and Cheap Process.

I make a Specialty of GRAINING, by a new process by which I can do it at expense of less than half the time and money it would cost by the old way.

CARL SAUER

Ayer's

Cherry Pectoral

For Diseases of the Throat and Lungs, such as Coughs, Colds, Whooping Cough, Bronchitis, Asthma, and Consumption.

The reputation it has attained, in consequence of the marvellous cures it has produced during the last half century, is a sufficient assurance to the public that it will continue to realize the happiest results that can be desired. In almost every section of country there are persons, publicly known, who have been restored from alarming and even desperate diseases of the lungs, by its use. All who have tried it, acknowledge its superiority, and where its virtues are known, no one hesitates as to what medicine to employ to relieve the distress and suffering peculiar to pulmonary affections. CHERRY PECTORAL always affords instant relief, and performs rapid cures of the milder varieties of bronchial disorder, as well as the most formidable diseases of the lungs.

As a safeguard to children, amid the distressing diseases which beset the Throat and Chest of Childhood, it is invaluable, for, by its timely use, multitudes are rescued and restored to health.

This medicine gains friends at every trial, as the cures it is constantly producing are too remarkable to be forgotten. No family should be without it, and those who have once used it never will.

Eminent Physicians throughout the country prescribe it, and Clergymen often recommend it from their knowledge of its effects.

PREPARED BY

Dr. J. C. AYER & CO., Lowell, Mass.,

Practical and Analytical Chemists.

SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS EVERYWHERE.

BRUTAL CRUELTY.

How French Scientists Cut Up Animals.

A Paris correspondent of the *Daily News* says that in the course of some recent visits to the Fourriere, the veterinary school of Alfort, the prisoner's depot at the prefecture of police, the lunatic's depot at St. Anne's asylum, and some other places, he had occasion to notice that the French have still a few lessons to learn as to the treatment of human and dumb creatures. To begin with the latter category, no lover of dogs will ever visit the Fourriere, or municipal pound, without an indignant shudder. Every dog found straying ownerless in Paris is apprehended and taken to the prefecture of police, where his worth is appraised. If he be a dog of value he has nothing to complain of, for he is regaled with food and kept for a period which varies from two days to nine, after which time, if not claimed, he is sold at the public auction held every Tuesday. But the great majority of dogs caught are mongrels, "of no value to any but the owner;" and how justify the tortures inflicted on those whose only crime is lack of pedigree? He is placed in a grated pen, and kept without food until hanging day.

The theory is that it is not worth while feeding dogs appointed to die; so, pending the two days' interval during which they may be claimed, they must take their chances of life. Many of these dogs, of course, die of hunger, and these are the happiest, for those who survive are executed in the most barbarous way imaginable. They are not hanged by ropes and slip-knots, but suspended by hooks impaling their throats, and it is seldom that death puts them out of their misery in less than half an hour.

All cats, however, do not die at the Fourriere. A worse fate awaits some who are consigned to the veterinary school of Alfort for vivisection. Nothing would convert one to vivisection as practised wholesale irresponsibly, and almost wantonly—by the students of Alfort. That a professor of eminence should now and then cut up a live dog, or flay a cat, or carve chess out of a living horse, is a thing which, though repugnant, may be excused; but there is certainly more of juvenile curiosity than of true love of science in the incessant experimentalizing of young students on the bodies of live animals. Students daily ply their knives upon living animals, not to discover new facts, but to verify old ones which have been proved long since. The supply of dogs, cats and knackers' horses at their command is practically unlimited, and they appear to have entire discretion as to the extent and the manner in which they shall torture these creatures. Among other horrors, the list of which would be too repulsive to give, I saw a horse who had been five times experimented upon, and whose body was one horrible mass of quivering rawness. He was to be hacked about again on the morrow, and there was no intention of killing him, it being the rule to continue operating until the subject died of his own accord. The employees of Alfort, all of them, meet intrusion on their proceedings with the assurance that the nervous system of dumb brutes being less sensitive than that of human beings, the pain inflicted was much less considerable than might be supposed.

The Senate of Iowa refuses to pass the bill restoring the death penalty.

Song of American Farmers—The Centennial.

Thank God again,
The winter chain
No longer is around us,
But every hand
O'er all the land
Leaps from the links that bound us.
The cloudy March
Beneath heaven's arch
His trump to us was blowing:
We join the sound
O'er waiting ground
With plowing and with hoeing.

In winter's rests
Our human breasts
Had time for sweet communing,
But not forget
In many a lot
The summer's joyous blooming;
Thus on earth's sod
Has Father God
Given life its varied stories.
And now we go
With plow and hoe
For labor's growing glories.

Hurrah! Hurrah!
We love the law
That gives alone true station
Since he began,
The work makes man
Companion in creation;
And, oh, can he
More noble be
Than out 'mid nature's forces
While God's eyes see
His harmony,
With seedtime's, harvest's, courses?

Etcheore, hurrah
For love of law,
And it'll could have more growing,
Oh, sure it shall—
"Centennial
Is almost on us glowing!
A hundred years
Of mind's, arm's, spheres
For million have been selling;
Joy! Freedom's bell,
Ringing swell!
All earth hears thy grand tolling
Then let us make
With plow, hoe, rake,
This year yield crown ovation
Upon our sod
Unto the God
Of freedom's and work's nation.

—*William Ross Wallace.*

LUCULLUS:

A STORY OF ANCIENT ROME.

BY J. H. ELSBERG.

CHAPTER I.

Who has not wandered along the green slopes of the spreading fields, the rugged hillside and the woodland vale, when summer has just begun to unfold her sweetest and fairest wild flowers? What matter if the crowded conservatory, or the trim garden walks are teeming with flowers that are rich, rare and costly; there is a charm in the sweet and tender beauty of wild flowers that we look for in vain among the regal beauties of the conservatory or the artistical arrangements of the flower garden. In one we behold a blaze of splendor, beauty, magnificence, the perfection of art; in the other, the softly tinted, modest beauty of the tender offspring of nature, an offering of nature to nature's God.

One bright summer day a fair young maiden went forth from one of the gates of ancient Rome attended by a female servant of mature age. Her voice was wild and gleesome as she ran from flower to flower, when she had left the beaten paths of travel and gained the green hills and rural paths winding around the imperial city.

In her wild ramble she had been closely attended by the servant, who, as the sun began to sink low in the west, now vainly entreated her to return to the city.

"Ah, Vela, Vela," she cried, when her attendant seemed to have lost all patience, "bear with me yet a little longer, but do not follow me if thou hast become fatigued; sit beneath the shade of yonder tree and rest thyself and I will soon join thee."

"But, my child, it is time we returned to the city."

"I do not doubt thee, dear nurse, but it is so seldom that I can escape from the grim, cold walls of the city that the green fields seem like a world of beauty to me, from which I have no desire to escape."

"And yet thou shouldst remember that the gates are far from us, and that though thy limbs are tireless, I am no longer young."

"There, there, my dear Vela, I will gather no more flowers; but let us rest awhile beneath the shade of yonder tree while I assort them." And she led the way to the tree she had pointed out, where, seated upon the green turf, she began to assort her flowers and weave them into a beautiful garland.

She was tall, but apparently scarcely sixteen; her hair hung in dark wavy tresses, but gathered back from her high, fair brow; her eyes were dark, with long heavy lashes that at times half concealed the bright liquid light that shone from them; while the warm glow of health and the warm hue of the white lily vied with each other on her dimpled cheek. The whole Grecian contour of her countenance was one of perfect loveliness.

They had not been long seated when a small party of horsemen slowly approached them, and as they passed, one of the party halted and gazed upon the young girl so insolently that the warm blood rushed to both cheek and brow with a flush of crimson. The horseman halted but a moment, and then passed on and joined his companions.

"Vela, didst thou see the game of that bold, bad man?" said the young girl.

"Aye, my child, and thou hast missed him aright."

"Dost thou know him?"

"There are but few in Rome who do not know him and fear him."

"Who, then, is he?"

"Aelius Sejanus."

"The favorite and minister of Cæsar?"

"The same."

"Alas! Vela, what evil fate hath brought this man across our path today? Let us return."

"Aye, it had been well hadst thou long ago come to that conclusion. Dost thou see how low the sun is? It will be a brisk walk that will take us to the city gates before sunset."

"Indeed, I had taken no note of the passing hours, I had been so happy with my unaccustomed ramble. Chide me not, dear nurse, but let us hasten now, for the evil gaze of that bad man has sent a chill to my very heart."

With a quick step they moved forward towards the city, and as they at last reached the gates they looked back to the setting sun and saw it was already half below the horizon.

They had still to reach a distant quarter of the city, and in spite of all their haste the gloom of twilight began to gather around them. They had not noticed that from the gates of the city they had been closely followed by two men who appeared to be half soldiers and half ruffians; who, as they entered a narrow street where the buildings were high and cast a deep shadow in the gathering twilight, advanced suddenly upon them and seizing the young girl attempted to smother her screams while they hurried her forward from her companion. But Vela sprung upon them, and grasping the dress of the girl rent the air with her screams as she vainly struggled with the ruffians.

With a terrible curse, one of them rained blows upon her head and face, but she still clung to the girl whose struggles occupied the whole attention of the other ruffian. A loud shout was now heard in the distance and hurried steps were approaching them. With one terrible blow the ruffian who had been contending with Vela now struck her senseless to the earth, and the two began again to move forward with their captive, who had fainted as she saw her nurse fall.

They had not gone ten paces when a man rushed upon them with a drawn sword and obstructed their way.

"Villains," he shouted, "unhand the maiden!" and at the same time attacked them fiercely, raining blows with a lightning-like rapidity upon them. Finding they had no novice in the use of arms to deal with, the one who had carried the young maiden in his arms allowed her to slip upon the ground while he went to the assistance of his companion. For a few moments their assailant kept them in full play and then, step by step, he was forced back, though defending himself manfully in the contest. At this moment the combatants were joined by a stranger who at a single glance at the party attacked one of the ruffians with such force and art that he was borne back and in a few moments disarmed and at the mercy of his assailant.

The combat between the one who had first attacked the ruffians and his antagonist was still undecided, when the whole party was surrounded by a crowd of citizens with flaming torches, and the two ruffians were disarmed and prisoners.

The first of the two assailants of the ruffians was a mere youth, though tall and powerfully built, while the second was past the middle age, tall, stately, and wore the proud air of the Roman patrician. The youth had raised the form of the maiden from the ground. As she opened her eyes and gazed around her with a startled glance her eyes fell upon the calm, stately form of the stranger.

"Lucullus!" she cried, in wild, eager tones, as she sprung towards him with outstretched hands.

"Claudia!" he replied, in a surprised tone, as he advanced to meet her; "Claudia, is it thou? What means this strange encounter?"

"Alas! Lucullus, they have murdered my poor nurse, Vela."

"No," replied the youth, advancing through the crowd of citizens, leading the bruised and bleeding Vela; "no, my lady, your nurse lives, but the wretch intended to murder her."

"What shall be done with the ruffians?" cried a number of citizens.

"String them up by the neck as a warning to their fellows," replied the youth.

The citizens gathered around the captured ruffians, holding on high their blazing torches, when Lucullus advancing within the circle pointed to a badge worn upon the arms of the prisoners as a mark showing they were the servitors of Sejanus. "See, Romans," he cried, with finger still pointed at the badge of servitude; "see how little shame hath he who commanded this outrage. These men are but the instruments of a low and base-born tyrant, upheld by the power of Cæsar. So fearless and shameless with this man become that our nobles are plundered, imprisoned and their lives imperilled by false accusers; our daughters insulted; the people enslaved, and the proud title of a Roman citizen [illegible] a byword and a shame. Are you all [illegible] that ye submit to these acts of tyranny? Rise for Romulus was first."

And turning to the ruffians, who stood silent and sullen in the midst of the citizens, he said: "Begone, wretches, to him who sent, then on thy knee kneel. It were crime to punish [illegible] while there remains [illegible] but tell thy tyrant-master to tremble, for there is still justice in Rome."

The stately form of Lucullus seemed to swell to grander proportions as he stood, with arm raised and finger pointed, where the citizens had opened the way for their escape. Slowly and sullenly, as if half doubtful of the permission, they moved out from the circle that had surrounded them until they had moved some twenty or thirty paces from the crowd, when they started into a run and were soon lost amid the shadows of the street.

With a grave salutation to the citizens, and many thanks for their prompt assistance in the rescue of a daughter of an absent friend from a fate worse than death, he turned to the fair Claudia, near whom stood the youth who had been first to her rescue.

"Claudia, my child," said he, "to this brave youth more than all others thy thanks are due for thy present safety."

"To thank thee, fair sir, were but tame words," said Claudia to the youth, who now approached her, "but to the gods, daily, my prayers shall ascend for thy health, happiness, and prosperity."

"To be remembered in thy daily prayers," replied the youth, gallantly, "is far more than my poor merits deserve, for the gods must hear and answer such prayers."

"That is true," said Lucullus; "to the young and pure the gods must ever listen. But now let us hasten to thy home, fair Claudia, and do thou, brave youth, accompany us, lest the ruffians whom we have beaten may find some of their companions and return to secure the prey they have lost."

[TO BE CONTINUED.]

Eyeless Fish that Live in Hot Water.

A most singular discovery was made in the Savage mine, Colorado. This is the finding of living fish in the water now flooding both the Savage and Hale and Norcross mines. The fish found were five in number, and were hoisted up the incline in the large iron hoisting tank and dumped into the pump tank at the bottom of the vertical shaft. The fishes are eyeless, and are only about three or four inches in length. They are blood red in color.

The temperature of the water in which they are found is 128 degrees Fahrenheit—almost scalding hot. When the fish were taken out of the hot water in which they were found, and placed in a bucket of cold water, for the purpose of being brought to the surface, they died almost instantly. The cold water at once chilled their life blood.

In appearance these subterranean members of the finny tribe somewhat resemble gold fish. They seem lively and sportive enough while in their native hot water, notwithstanding that they have no eyes nor even the rudiments of eyes. The water by which the mines are flooded broke in at a depth of 2,200 feet in a drift that was being pushed to the northward in the Savage. It rose in the mine—also in the Hale and Norcross, the two mines being connected—to the height of four hundred feet; that is, up to the 1,800 foot level. This would seem to prove that a great subterranean reservoir or lake has been tapped, and from this lake doubtless came the fish which were hoisted from the mine.

Eyeless fishes are frequently found in the lakes of large caves, but we have never before heard of their existence in either surface or subterranean water the temperature of which was so high as in the water in these mines. The lower workings of the Savage mine are far below the bed of the Carson river, below the bottom of the Washoe lake—below any water running or standing anywhere within a distance of ten miles of the mine.

Returning a Call.

The following conversation occurred recently in a street car in the city of Rochester. It is recommended to the perusal of the ladies who are fond of making and receiving calls, as it is a fact:

First lady (entering a street car)—Ah! my dear, how do you do?

Second lady—Quite well, I thank you, love. But what are you doing in this part of the city?

First lady—Well, my dear, I have just been calling on Miss ——, the singer, but she was not at home, so I left my card with my sincere regrets at her absence.

Second lady—Really, it was too bad to give you so long a journey for nothing.

First lady (confidentially)—Oh! not at all, dear; you see I knew she was absent singing at a concert out of town, and that was the reason I chose this afternoon to return her call.

Breast of a Spelling Bee.

Monogamies whose chests beside
Where jugum, phalanx, and phylogenetic gear
Fright phrenologers and hectic chiefly by just
With jowlish and gynecocrat confusion.

Chest-measurable, its elasticity embodies,
With colour into dismal fear gumption to suppress;
While swollen gangs crowds strengthen
Of confederates in union hopeful alliance.
Flashlight triply gathered with glorious
gazers,
In sudden frenzy with stupefying brows,
Hysteric gangrene, with [illegible]
Suicide, that gutturals diphtheria, of my
chests.

Rain and Ruin.

A dutiful is always a beautiful daughter.

Shares that always turn up good—Plowshares.

When detectives find a criminal they generally give him arrest.

The price of coal does not seem to affect the gas companies. They make light of it.

Pride is not a bad thing when it teaches us to hide our own hurts and not hurt others.

It is an unpleasant fact that what your friends call self-possession, your enemies call brass.

Men who have been living on an extensive scale find it difficult sometimes to find a balance in their favor.

A dreadful Washington doctor asks us to believe that love is an affair of the stomach, and that the heart has nothing to do with it.

Appearances are deceitful. A man may appear to be satisfied when a gun is pointed at him; but the chances are that he is not.

It was Parton who said of editing a newspaper: "The whole art and mystery is to be right." The same is true of matrimony.

Surgeons say that finger nails, bitten off, often find lodgment in the stomach, where they remain for years adhering to the tissues and ruining one's feelings. Don't bite your finger nails.

Josh Billings says: There is one thing about a hen that looks like wisdom—they don't cackle much till they have laid their eggs. Some folks are always bragging and cackling what they are going to do beforehand.

Nothing was so much dreaded in our schoolboy days, says a distinguished writer, as to be punished by sitting between two girls. Ah, the force of education! In after years we learn to submit to such things without shedding a tear.

"How much are we paying that salesman?" asked the senior of his junior partner. "Fifteen hundred dollars a year, sir," was the reply. "Ah, yes, fifteen hundred—hadn't we better, as a matter of economy, take him into the concern?"

A great many foreign counts have visited Chicago, and the Chicago *Journal* has met them, and its opinion is given in two lines and a half, viz.: Many a man who would fail as a car conductor could take hold and make a first-class foreign count.

The original hemlock foundations of Long wharf, at Boston, were unearthed a few days ago, and found to be as solid as when first put down, one hundred and sixty-four years ago. At least, that is what is said, although nobody who saw them when put down was there to make the comparison.

At the leap year german in Washington the young men provided themselves with lace handkerchiefs, which they would provokingly drop, and their partners had to pick them up. Then the provoking fellows had to be fanned and supplied with seats, and given glasses of water and fed.

A Mohawk lady received a note the other day, asking if a few friends could have a surprise party at her house. She said yes, and took up her carpet and made ample preparations. The evening came and passed with not even a caller. That's where the surprise came in.

The lash and the pillory are still retained in Prince Edward island, Canada. Two weeks ago a man convicted of assault with intent was sentenced to two years' imprisonment and one hour in the pillory, and another for robbery with violence to two years' imprisonment, two days in the pillory and two whippings each of thirty-nine lashes. At the same assizes three men were sentenced to death for burglary.

Speaking of the Rev. Mr. Shipman's manuscript, they say that he stopped a boy in the street the other day, and asked him to read a word in a memorandum he gave him. "It's my writing," he said; "a memorandum of some things they want at home, but I can't exactly make it out." "It looks to me like quince," said the boy. "Ah, that reminds me," exclaimed the dominie, "I see now, it's cranberries," and it was.

So Young.

"Mamma," said a thoughtful young sister, the other day, "how old shall I next birthday?"

"Six, my son, if you live."

"Well, suppose I don't live, can't I go right on having birthdays like George Washington?"

There are some older boys who would like to have their birthdays "go right on."

The M'Kean Miner.

H. F. Barbour - - Editor.

THURSDAY, MAR. 16, 1876.

A Few Historical Facts.

Taking as a text the assertion of Mr. Hubert Clymer that Belknap's act "has no parallel in our own history or in any other country," and the additional statement of Mr. Blackburn, another democratic member of the same investigating committee, that "there had been no "want of alacrity on the part of re-"publican members of the committee "in investigating the conduct of "the late secretary of war" the editor of one of our exchanges of an investigating turn of mind has been looking into the history of our own country, and has dug up a few facts that possess a good deal of interest at the present time, as showing the high sense of honor and morality among the pure and honest men of "them good old days." we hear so much of.

Belknap's crime consisted in a few trifling wife to receive presents from a man who held a sutlership by his appointment. This much is proven against him, nothing more and nothing less. And the following are some of the precedents in our own history in the days of republican simplicity and virtue" for which our democratic friends weep so deeply (when out of office:)

Edmund Randolph, Washington's Secretary of State, when the Pennsylvania "whiskey rebellion" broke out and he supposed the Union was about to break up, made proposals in writing to the French government to sell his party's support to France for money. The correspondence was discovered. he was accused of it in cabinet meeting, admitted it and tendered his resignation, and it was agreed to *keep the matter secret.*

Charges were preferred against Mr. Ingham, Jackson's Secretary of the Treasury, for frauds, by the Secretary of War. There was no "alacrity" on the part of the democrats of that day to investigate, and nothing was done about it.

Gen. Cass, Jackson's war secretary, prostituted his position by organizing a land grab ring for the purpose of speculating in western lands, and through his position secured to them and himself a monopoly of the best tracts of public lands. He also collected extra salary, without shadow of law $63,000. He was returned in the cabinet until promoted to be minister to France, and his party afterwards endorsed his crime by electing him United States Senator and then trying to elect him President of the United States. Imagine the republican party nominating Belknap for president!

Richard M. Johnson was a democratic vice president. While he held that office he used the influence of his high position to enable him to lobby through a scheme by which one Stephen Bachner received for removing the Chickasaw Indians $17,—000 more than he was entitled to, according to the reports of a committee. Johnson got $18,000 as his share of the steal. In the face of these facts the democrats ran him again for vice president, and were beaten.

By reading the reports of the committee of the XXV Congress it will be seen that one Swartwout, a democratic collector of the port of New York, together with the first auditor of the treasury, comptroller of the treasury, and the secretary of the Treasury, were proven guilty of stealings amounting to over a million of dollars. No steps were taken to punish them or to recover the money, and none of them resigned in consequence of the exposure.

This chapter of "parallels" could be lengthened almost indefinitely, concluded with the crowning act of piracy under the last democratic administration, when the entire cabinet stole the country into bankruptcy and then joined the rebellion against it with never to this day a whimper of democratic disfavor. All this does not clear Belknap, or lessen the extent of his crime. But it shows how silly is the croaking about the purity of former days and the unparalleled official dishonesty of the present. It also shows that no one could ever say for the democratic party what the democrats now concede for the republican party, that it pursues its own offenders with "severity."

Belknap finds, after all, that his old democratic friends stand by him best.

The First Gun

From New Hampshire.

A VICTORY

For the Republicans!

Some "Astonishing Developments" for Democratic Philosophers!

A Republican Governor and Legislature Elected!

WITH INCREASED MAJORITIES.

The news from the New Hampshire election for governor and members of the legislature is of the most cheering nature. The democrats made the most strenuous efforts to carry the State, money and assistance being contributed to the cause from all parts of the country. It has been beautifully asserted by the democratic press, especially the Buffalo *Courier*, that the Belknap business would prove the death blow to republicanism, that New Hampshire would surely go democratic, and that the result of this election in that State would with certainty forecast the result of the presidential election next fall. "Wait till you hear from New Hampshire," has been shouted all along the line. We have waited, we have heard, we have conquered, and we are satisfied. The republican governor and a republican majority in both houses of the legislature is elected by the unprecedented majority of over 3000. The vote was the largest that has been polled in the State for many years. The republicans were victorious last year by a majority of only 173. Press on the investigations, gentlemen.

Sam. Randall was put into a some what embarrassing position on Saturday. He had just been declaring that he and his followers intended to "remedy what the people had condemned"; that the "Democratic majority in the House meant to have economy and retrenchment." Whereupon Mr. White, the only Republican in the Kentucky delegation, asked the pretentious Democratic leader whether he realized the fact that the country condemned his vote on the back-salary question.' This provoked from Randall the highly-dignified and courteous reply: "It is none of your business what I realize," and that "it does not lie in the power of any miserable man to talk about my conscience."

This is the Democrat who goes mooning around West Point, and in the Congressional Library to see how he can scrimp some of the salaries of poorly paid public servants! But he insultingly replies "none of your business!" when asked to justify his taking and keeping a share of the unauthorized and infamous back-pay "steal" of a large amount from the public treasury.

Wolf, the witness whom the democratic smellers for political capital depended upon to convict Secretary of the Navy Robeson of bribery, and who fell down in a fit in the House because his heart and head failed him, has since been sick unto death and made a last confession that he was *bribed* to swear against Robeson. The more we know of these fellows the more we find out, about their unscrupulous and reckless rascality.

The New York State Republican Central committee has passed a resolution formally condemning Belknap and demanding his speedy punishment, and an impudent western paper is listening to hear of "some democratic committee condemning Clymer for letting Marsh escape." He can keep right on listening till the crack of doom and he will never hear anything of that sort. The democracy never goes back on its party friends, innocent or guilty.

Every investigation asked for by a democrat has been voted for by every republican in the house. "Turn on the lights!" they all said. The first investigation asked for by a republican—the enquiry into the release of Marsh—was refused by the democratic majority. That shows the difference in the two parties. Honesty fears no investigation. Why are the democrats afraid to turn out their pockets?

In 1800 a democratic cabinet officer stole $870,000 directly out of the treasury. Then, as in the case of Belknap, democrats were the only ones who stood in the way of justice. Though Floyd was indicted he could not be punished because four or five hundred thousand armed democrats stood between him and the officers of the law. There are sixty nine of the men who thus aided to obstruct justice at that time now seated in congress, all democrats.

BELKNAP'S POLITICAL RECORD.

From the Chicago Tribune, Ind.

The Chicago *Times* says:

"Of course the *Tribune* doesn't expect its readers to believe this stuff. Belknap always was a Democrat,—went into the war one, and came out two, was promoted when one, and was one when he fell. But we feel as bitterly over the Congressional cause of these frauds as if he had been and lived a Republican."

The *Tribune* expect its readers to believe just precisely this "stuff," because it is the truth. In characterizing Belknap's bribery as a national disgrace, the *Tribune* but gave expression to the profound public sense of the shame it brought upon the whole country. Then up starts the journalistic spokesmen and defenders of the Democratic party and in their chop-logic fashion, assuming that Belknap was a bribe-taker *because* he was a Republican, deduce that the great Republican party is a sharer in his guilt, and that it is season for Republicans to hide their faces for shame's sake. The *Tribune* has not been in the habit of assuming that because a man was a Democrat he was necessarily a thief and blackmailer; and notwithstanding the record of the Tweeds, Sweeneys, Conollys, Ingersolls, Cardozos, Barnards, Schrumskers, Floyds, and Thompsons, the honest and decent men of that party can hardly be considered as sharers in their infamy.

Since, however, that style of argument is being applied by the Democratic press to the Belknap case, it is perhaps well that the Democracy should enjoy the full benefit of all that can be made out of it. That they can only do, when it is kept in mind, as is the fact, that Belknap entered public life a Democrat, and continued a Democrat up to and during the time he was filling his pockets with official bribes. About twenty years ago he made his advent in Iowa, as his fellow-townsmen at Keokuk bear witness, as an active local Democratic politician, and as such was elected to the Legislature. During his term of office as a Democratic member of the Iowa Legislature was it that the first insight into the true inwardness of the man was afforded by his embezzlement of the funds of clients, intrusted to him as a lawyer, and which his law partner in practice had to make good. Shortly after the close of his legislative term the Democratic rebellion broke out, and he entered the army, where he distinguished himself by his gallantry and bravery, which secured his rapid promotion and enlisted the friendship and esteem of General Grant. His brilliant personal daring, one of the most notable illustrations of which was his jumping into the trenches held by the Confederates during the fight at Atlanta, collaring a rebel officer, and under fire dragging him back into the Union lines a prisoner, gave him additional prestige.

After the war he remained a Democrat, and, as such, by Andy Johnson was appointed Revenue Collector for the Keokuk district, in which office, out of consideration for his military services, he was continued by President Grant. Even then rumors, whether well or ill founded, were rife as to his connection with whisky rings, but none of these reached Washington. When, by the death of the lamented Secretary Rawlins, the President lost one of the most sagacious of his Cabinet advisers and the nation the services of one of the ablest and purest of men, Gen. Belknap was appointed his successor, without any consultation with leading Republicans of Iowa or elsewhere. The selection of General Belknap, a Democrat, caused a good deal of ill-feeling in Republican circles at the time, and was met with no friendly comment. But the anger of the Republicans wore off in time, and they became reconciled to this eccentric appointment by the report of the brilliant record he had made in the war and the considerable ability he was said to possess. Up to that time Belknap had continued a Democrat, though a War-Democrat, and there is no evidence that at any time since he has voted the Republican ticket or changed his political principles.

As it now appears, he began by betraying the confidence of the Republican President, and was active chiefly as a bribe-taker continuing as such until exposure followed and he resigned in disgrace, and, through suppression of the real facts, procured acceptance of his resignation. Such, in brief, is his political record: A Democrat and embezzler before the war; then, the one redeeming feature of it all, a War-Democrat and a brave soldier; next, a Johnson Democrat and officeholder vaguely suspected of being a member of the Whisky Ring; and from thence transferred to the Cabinet, through a freak of Executive admiration of his gallantry, to become a bribe-taker.

Receipts and Expenditures of McKean County for 1875.

RECEIPTS.

Brick and lumber sold by County Clerk		$5 40
Brick and lumber &c charged Treas.		700 59
Jail bonds charged Treas.		25000 00
Rent of Court room		11 82
Amount of late Treas Foster		6370 75
Amount of late Treas Foster error and report		832 00
Amount of late Treas McMurray error and report		44 55
Amount of Collectors 1873 and previous years		517 05
Amount of Collectors 1874		1574 80
" " " 1875		5319 94
Amount of Collectors 1873 bridge tax		503 54
		$40899 40
Expenditures over Receipts		3330 94
		$44199 40

EXPENDITURES.

Jail	$28422 70
Commission to Treas on Jail bonds	375 00
Commission to Treas. on County and Bridge tax	267 60
State tax 1874 and 1875	1062 77
Late Comm'r Stark per diem	816 00
" " " expenses	164 00
" " South " per diem	32 60
" " " "	278 00
" " Border "	210 00
Clerk Comm'rs salary J R Chadwick	600 00
County Auditors	188 90
Fuel C H and offices	90 83
Western Penitentiary	89 43
Teachers Institute	60 76
Coroners Inquest [Bailey]	20 12
Stationery	17 50
Sheriff Powell board of Prisoners &c	600 00
Printing	629 00
Lunatic Hospital [Mary Hickey]	122 62
Crier and Tipstaff	101 00
Postage and Telegraphing	21 94
Prothy Sprague	143 00
Cleaning and Repairing C H	39 63
Fox Bounty	44 91
Roads and bridges	2954 69
Justice Qualification	19 00
Elections	654 05
Constable Returns	194 70
Traverse Jurors	1008 80
Penn's Hospital [Sheahan]	192 22
Auditing Prothy's account	9 00
Cupboard for Court Room	10 00
Stove Centre's Office	84 00
Unseated lands at Treasurers sale	477 35
Commonwealth Costs	822 50
Jury Commissioners	68 24
Grand Jurors	749 29
Assessors	836 00
Court Reporter	113 85
	$44199 40

LIABILITIES.

Jail Bonds	$25000 00
Orders outstanding	281 65
Amount due Treasurer	3545 62
	$28827 27

ASSETS.

Due from Collectors	1865	$ 399 37
do	1870	35 68
do	1873	484 89
do	1874	765 43
do	1875	174 75
Due unseated taxes 1871 and 1870		16476 72
		$18236 74
Liabilities over Assets		10590 53
		$28827 27

No Jail Bonds due until Jan. 1, 1876.

We the Commissioners of McKean County, do hereby certify the foregoing exhibit of receipts and expenditures of said County for the year 1875, to be a true and correct copy, as taken from the books of our office.

Witness our hands and seal of said County, at Smethport, this 10th day of February 1876.

W A YOUNG,
O GALLUP, } Commissioners.

ATTEST: JOHN E. CHADWICK, Clerk.

A CONTRAST.

From the N. Y. Com. Advertiser

The press with the exception of the Times, is silent in regard to Governor Tilden's complicity with the municipal robbers. The evidence against him is not circumstantial, as in the case of General Babcock. His letters, establishing the most confidential relations with Tweed and the men who robbed the city, are produced, and the facts wring from him that they are in his own hand writing. He denies receiving money from them, and Tweed's check is produced indorsed over to Tilden. The purchased and debauched Tribune is silent. The World ignores all reference to the scandalous exposures. The sleepless sentinel of all that's pure and lovely in religion and politics, "the Sun that shines for all," is a dumb as a mousetrap. The ever vigilant Herald has little to say on the matter. Here is a man who, by his own confession, was the "mutual friend" of Tweed, and he is permitted to escape, while Babcock is arraigned and scandalized on mere suspicion. Is this justice? Is this independence? Is this fairness?

The Real vs The Sham.

Facts and figures tell. The war of Grant and Bristow against the Whisky Ring is an earnest fight; the war of Tilden against the Canal Ring is a sham. For proof, compare the statistics of killed, wounded and missing and of general results:

	Under Grant and Bristow's general War.	Under Tilden's Sham War
Indictments	250	3
Pleaded Guilty	69	0
Trials	17	1
Convictions	10	0
Disagreements	5	1
In Prison	12	0
Awaiting sentence	Large number	0
Money recovered	3,500,000	$4,000
Money to be recovered	1,000,000	?
Annual saving	2,000,000	?
What becomes of the Ring?	Broken up. No serious harm	

These are the statistics, says the Albany *Journal*, as nearly as can be presented. We have enumerated three indictments under the Tilden war, though there is no reason to suppose that two of them will ever be tried at all. We have credited it also with $4,000 cash recovered, though the amount is a little smaller; it is also claimed that the payment of a few certificates has been stopped. Under the Grant and Bristow war, we have enumerated 12 as already in prison; the exact number we have not at hand, but believe it is a little larger. The number awaiting sentence is not definitely stated, but as there have been 66 pleas of guilty besides the convictions, it is quite considerable.

We repeat, facts, figures and results tell. These statistics show the difference between real war and sham war.

A thief believes all men dishonest. A bawd believes all women unchaste. Let the howling democratic press put that in their pipe and smoke it.

Samuel S. Randall and Whitthorn, two valiant Democratic chairmen of House committees, are implicated in frauds in the Navy Department.

J. P. WENDEL

Dealer in

FINE GROCERIES

AND

PROVISIONS,

FLOUR, PORK, LARD,

SALT, AND FISH,

Selected

TEAS.

Pure

COFFEES and SPICES.

FOREIGN & DOMESTIC FRUITS.

And a variety of all other goods usually kept in a First Class Store.

Main st. Smethport, Pa.

M. L. Armstrong,

Dealer in

Agent for

ITHACA CALENDAR CLOCKS

in McKean County.

Repairing of Watches, Clocks and Jewelry a specialty.

J. G. EATON,

DEALER IN

Heavy & Shelf Hardware,

OILS, PAINTS,

GLASS, PUTTY,

TIN & WOODEN WARE,

New Store,

Mechanic St., 2 doors south of Water

12-35 SMETHPORT, PA.

Administrators Notice.

In re estate of Delos F. Pierce

Notice is hereby given that Letters of Administration in the estate of the above named Delos F. Pierce, late of O to township, in McKean county, have been granted to H. K. Barton, residing in said township of S. t. All persons therefore having claims or demands against the estate of said decedent are requested to make known the same to the said H. K. Barton without delay, and all persons indebted to said estate to make immediate payment of the same H. K. BARTON, Administrator.

Feb 12, 1870-16-6t

WORK

FOR THE UNEMPLOYED

The Thistle Edition

of the well known Illustrated edition of Sir Walter Scott's WAVERLEY NOVELS of Anderson never was and is "the best edition of the best English romances" and is "the best well in print of the best English romances."

The forms are standard, and will suit for all time. The mechanical execution of the book is of the highest. Appleton's Western Hemisphere, wherein liberal terms and exclusive territory are offered.

Forty-eight volumes, averaging 400 pages each, and containing nearly 2,000 illustrations, will complete the Series. Subscribers supplied with two volumes in a complete work monthly. Eleven Months Delivered (21 volumes) are now ready. Price—in cloth, gilt extra, per volume, 60 60. Half Turkey, gilt top $2.25. For terms, &c., address

L. J. HALL & SON, Publishers
17 Murray Street, New York.

A HAPPY NEW YEAR!

SMETHPORT, PA.

Call and have your eyes measured
A perfect fit guaranteed.
Every pair warranted.

M. L. ARMSTRONG, Agent.

Port Allegany Planing Mill.

BARRETT BROTHERS,

CONTRACTORS, BUILDERS, AND

MANUFACTURERS OF

SASH, DOORS, BLINDS,

AND

HOUSE MOULDINGS.

Dressed Flooring, Ceiling, &c

Port Allegany, Pa

T. MULLIN, Jr.

WHOLESALE DEALER IN

WINES,

LIQUORS,

& SEGARS.

PORT ALLEGANY, PA.

The Winter Term Closes

March 17, 1876

Spring Term Opens March 22, 1876

When a Teacher's Class will be formed.

J. W. Kales, Principal.

S. R. Smith,

Dealer in

DRY GOODS,

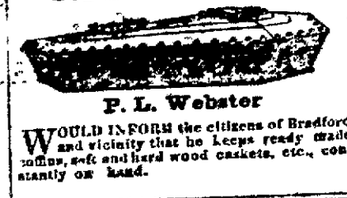
AND

Groceries,

At Hamlin Station,

Respectfully solicits a share of public patronage

Coffins and Caskets.



P. L. Webster

WOULD INFORM the citizens of Bradford and vicinity that he keeps ready made coffins, soft and hard wood caskets, etc., constantly on hand.

J. H. PATTERSON.

J. H. PATTERSON,

JEWELER.

Having established a Jewelry store in the BOYER Building would solicit the patronage of the public. All kinds of work done in the best style and at reasonable prices.

May 13, 1875.

"A Woman fair to look upon."

SARA, THE PRINCESS.

Fac simile of a Celebrated Oil Painting by BROCHART, in 21 oil colors—size 12x22 inches. "If the royal beauty of face and form, rich Oriental costume, romantic Eastern landscape back-ground, with its well, palm trees, flocks, tents, and long stretch of desert and distant boundary of mountains, combine to form a rare and lovely picture. It would adorn the walls of any public or private gallery. CANVASSERS are wild over it, and are competing for the cash premiums, send for our splendid offer.—Address,

J. B. FORD & Co., New York City.

LOOK!

NEW GOODS at A. N. TAYLOR'S!

NEW GOODS at A. N. TAYLOR'S!

Having just returned from the Eastern cities, where I have purchased FOR CASH the largest stock of goods of every description ever offered for sale in this county, and having purchased my goods at very much below their value, purpose dividing the profits with my customers. Always giving the best the market affords. Reasonable Dress Goods of the newest designs and of the best quality, at as low prices as can be found in Northern Pennsylvania.

WHITE GOODS FOR LADIES AND CHILDREN'S WEAR,

in new styles, of choice quality, and at low prices.

EMBROIDERIES OF EVERY NAME AND STYLE.

PRINTS Two numbers to select from, Warranted fast colors, 5c 8c per yd.

Bleached Muslin, good yd. wide - - - 10c per yd.

16-Bone Corsets, for 75 | 200 reversible Shawls, at $2

LADIES SUITS—MADE TO ORDER.

MOURNING GOODS IN ENDLESS VARIETY:

AUSTRALIAN CRAPES, BLACK ALPACAS, COBURGS, TAMISE & BIBITES CLOTHS, FINE BLACK, BROWN, BLUE & SLATE ALPACAS AT 2 SHILLINGS.

A GENUINE GROSGRAIN SILK FOR $1 50 PER YD.

PARASOLS AND SUN UMBRELLA

Our Notion Department

is full to overflowing, as well as all others, which can really be seen by taking a peep in!

Clothing Department

is full, including all the novelties of the season. We take All Work, warranted

GENTLEMEN'S SUITS, FOR $8 50. GENTS FURNISHING GOODS

in every variety and style. Also the largest stock of

HATS and CAPS in McKEAN COUNTY.

An immense stock of

BOOTS, SHOES, GROCERIES, CROCKERY, QUEENSWARE, TRUNKS, VALISES, DRUGS, MEDICINE, WILLOW WARE CHROMO & OIL PAINTINGS, LADIES' HAND BASKETS, HATS, BONNETS, TRIMMINGS, FLOWERS, &c.

HARDWARE,

Including Nails, Iron, French, German, English and American Cutlery, Saws, Oils, Paints, Farming Tools, Fishing Tackling. ☞ Nails $4 per 100 pounds.

Canned and Dried Fruits, Flour, Pork, Hams, Lard, Trout, White Fish Mackerel, beside many articles too numerous to mention, all of which will be sold at the lowest rates.

A. N. TAYLOR.

AT

A. B. ARMSTRONG'S

LEADING DRUGSTORE OF THE COUNTY,

NO. 1, UNION BLOCK, SMETHPORT, PENNA.,

CAN BE FOUND THE BEST AND MOST COMPLETE ASSORTMENT OF DRUGS AND Medicines, and all other articles usually kept in first a class drugstore.

DRUGS, CHEMICALS, PATENT MEDICINES

PAINTS, OILS, & DYE STUFFS,

SOAPS, SPONGES, BRUSHES, COMBS

Perfumeries, Pomades, Oils,

AND TOILET ARTICLES OF EVERY VARIETY. WE ALSO KEEP A LARGE AND WELL Selected assortment of American and French candies, Stationery, Envelopes, &c. All

SCHOOL BOOKS AT BOTTOM PRICES!

TOBACCO, CIGARS, PURE WINES & LIQUORS, &c. &c.

Prescriptions Carefully Prepared.

J. Digel's Marble Factory.

West Water Street. Smethport, Pa.

ALL KINDS OF MONUMENTAL, MARBLE and STONE WORK DONE TO ORDER

Railroad Time Tables.

McKEAN & BUFFALO R. R.

GOING NORTH.

STATIONS.	Accom.	Mail.
Fairmont	8.20 a m	1.40 p m
Wetmeag	8.28	1.48
Hamlin	8.56	2.00
Centre Grove	9.00	2.05
Crosby	9.04	2.09
Smethport	9.24	2.23
Farmers Val.	9.39	2.40
Keshena	9.49	2.50
Lewis Run	9.58 a m	2.58 p m

GOING SOUTH.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Express.
Lewis Run	11.28 a m	8.00 p m
Keshena	11.38	8 08
Farmers Val.	11.50	8.17
Smethport	12.05 p m	8.29
Crosby	12.20	8.43
Centre Grove	12.24	8.46
Hamlin	12.30	8.50 p m
Wetmeag	12.42	
Fairmont	12.54	

S. V. GODDEN, Supt.

BUFFALO, NEW YORK & PHILA. R'y

Going South.

STATIONS.	Mail.	Accom	Express.
Buffalo	7.30 a m	8.05 a m	4.00 p m
Corry	10.35	4.15 p m	7.00
Leeds	11.01		7.45
Larabees	11.20		7.52
Mt Alleguy	11.42		8 14
Emporium	12.10		9 13

Going North.

STATIONS.	Express	Mail.	Accom.
Emporium	4 00 a m	1.40 p m	
Mt Alleguy	5.01	2.43	
Larabees	5 21	3.07	
Leeds	5.32	3.15	
Corry	6.21	4.03	5.40 a m
Buffalo	9.15	7.10	2.00 p m

H. C. LYMAN, Gen'l Pass. Agent.

J. D. YEOMAN, Supt.

Pennsylvania Railroad.

Philadelphia & Erie R. R. Division.

WINTER TIME TABLE.

On and after MONDAY, NOV. 22, 1875, Trains on the Philadelphia & Erie Railroad Division will run as follows:

Westward.

EXPRESS leaves	Renovo	4 50 p. m.
" "	Driftwood	5 55 p. m.
" "	Emporium	6 55 p. m.
" "	St. Marys	7 55 p. m.
" "	arr at Ridg	9 30 p. m.
MAIL leaves	Philadelphia	11 05 p. m.
" "	Renovo	11 20 p. m.
" "	Emporium	4 15 p. m.
" "	St. Marys	5 15 p. m.
" "	arr at Ridg	7 00 p. m.

Eastward.

EXPRESS MAIL leaves	Ridgway	8.30 a m
" "	St. Marys	9 45 a m
" "	Kanes Junction	10 45 a m
" "	Driftwood	11 45 a. m.
" "	Renovo	1 05 p m
ERIE MAIL leaves	Erie	11 20 a. m.
" "	Kane	2 50 p. m.
" "	St. Marys	5 10 p m
" "	Emporium	6 05 p m.
" "	Renovo	9 25 p m
" "	arr at Philadelphia	6 50 a. m.

Renovo Accom and Kane Accom connect at Corry with Low Grade Division of B N Y & P R R.

Wm. A. BALDWIN, Gen'l Supt.

A Few Facts Demonstrated by Figures.

If a farmer of our town put a farmers' load of wheat, say his oats at 60 cts, his corn at 50 cts, and his wool at 50 cts, he would be called during the year to make an advance on those prices to satisfy his capacity, he holds them until this year, when the prices rating are 40 cts. for oats, 40 cts. for butter and 45cts. for wood. Is he going to buy of him at these prices? Because he proposes to sell them at cost? No surely! If a broker during the session had paid as he must at one time, $1.12 for a gold dollar and held it from year to year because he could not get a premium that price, would he not be laughed at by every one? Certainly for even supposing any one would be so to exist for his dollar when it is only worth $1.02? These same incontrovertible facts are just as applicable to merchandise, and yet we often see great spread notices of selling off at cost for 60 days, just as though they thought the people would consider it a privilege to buy at cost, though their old antiquities cost from 25 to 100 per cent. more than fresh new styles of goods bought and sold at the present market value. But this cost dodge can no longer deceive the people they have learned to go for their goods where merchandising is done on the Young American plan, where goods are sold at a profit where few goods remain over 60 days, where new goods are received daily, and sold daily in such quantities that the discount on the purchases are the main profit reflected upon, where all goods are marked in plain figures, where there is no deviation in prices, where the poor man's one dollar buys as much proportionately as the rich man's ten dollars, where goods have found to have declined in market since last week purchases they are marked squarely down to present values and resold, where the people delight to go and buy their dry goods, shawls, clothings, furs, hats, caps, boots, feathers fancy goods, holiday goods, in fact all goods useful and ornamental. Enquire for this place of all places to buy good goods cheap, and any one will tell you it is at R. O. Sartori's, & Co., Olean, N. Y.

"TWO CASES THOUGHT TO BE CONSUMPTION CURED."

Dr. Fenner's Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic is decidedly the best remedy for Chronic Coughs. In recent colds and coughs his Improved Cough Honey readily cures. But in coughs and lung and throat diseases of long standing, the system must be cleansed and regulated and impressed with the healing influence of the Blood Remedy. It places the system in a healing condition. Then the Improved Cough Honey, used with it, readily carries long standing coughs to yield. The following illustrates its success in severe coughs:

Woodland, Cal., June 19, 1873.

Dr. M. M. Fenner, Fredonia, N. Y.—Dear Sir.—Please send me 2 doz. Blood and Liver Remedy and Nerve Tonic. I have cured two cases that were called consumption of an aggravated type, here, with it. I use your Improved Cough Honey with it in these cases.

F. Crandall.

For sale by all dealers in medicines and by A. B. Armstrong, of Smethport.

LOCAL.

— This is good sugar weather.

— Oil leases for sale at this office.

— Have you heard from New Hampshire?

— The sheriff of Allegany county has been prosecuted for perjury.

— Mr. Ghordis Corwin, of this place, is very sick, and is said to be failing every day.

— Col. E. C. Brooks, of Olean, has received the appointment of book-keeper at Clinton prison.

— Some of the merchants of Smethport are proposing to reduce expenses by discharging their clerks.

— Musical.—The McKean county Musical Association will hold its next session at Bradford, to continue four days.

— The Spring Term of the Pennsylvania State Normal School at Mansfield, opens on the 27th of this month.

— Prof. L. L. Rose, is to have charge of the convention of the McKean Co. Musical Association, which meets in Bradford March 21st.

— The amount of timber put in by Clearfield lumbermen, this winter, will not exceed one fifth that of former years.

— There is a good deal of sickness in this vicinity just now. Bad colds and their accessories are the general complaint.

— One of the teachers in the Academy, Miss Carter, is sick and her duties are performed by Prof. Kull and Miss Hoag.

— H. Hamlin, Esq., of this place, and his daughter Lena, started on Monday on a rather extensive trip through the Southern States.

— The Elmira Advertiser calls Maj. Halley, "the father of his country," speaking complimentarily. We hardly think Halley could tell a lie—even about oil.

— The compositors in many of the New York offices are on a strike against a reduction of wages. It has yet had no effect upon the Mirror force.

— We understand that parties from Bradford have been, and are yet, leasing all the land on Cole and Kempe creeks that they can get possession of for oil purposes.

— The Sunday News is one of the most spicy papers in Buffalo, the only criticism that we would offer being that its matter is too much like a certain third class daily we could name.

— Professor [illegible] of the Academy, has [illegible] the Academy [illegible] schools in the city, the latter is retained without giving offence to any body.

— The church and Sunday services held in the Baptist church of this place last week were full of interest and well attended by our citizens. We publish a report of the proceedings in another column.

— John B. Gough will lecture in Olean on the evening of March 17th. An Excursion train will run from Smethport to accommodate the four regular attendants from that ancient borough.—Potter Journal.

— We hope our patriotic friends in the different townships throughout the county will all attend the township elections and celebrations on meetings on Saturday evening the 25th inst. Let us have a full and unequivocal expression from each township.

— The Cambria Freeman expresses this opinion: How a man of ordinary honesty, as the world goes, can leave the check to subscribe for a paper, and read it every week for one or two or even three years, and never think of paying for it, is one of the unsolved problems of American civilization.

— O. M. Smith, Esq., our newly elected Justice of the Peace, who succeeds G. M. Smith, the former incumbent of the office, has received his commission, paid his fees, and been sworn into office. His court is always in session, in the office of Backus & Milliken, and will not "rise" until his commission expires.

— Our neighbors of the Emporium Independent and Elk Gazette did not seem to relish our truthful picture of the democratic rule as illustrated by its management of the government of New York city, which we published two or three weeks ago. They reply to it with the "you're another" argument, but are unable to answer or controvert the indictment.

—A little boy in Pottsville recently crammed a lot of coffee grains in his mouth, and one lodged in his windpipe. A physician was called, but refused to attend or suggest a remedy for the boy's relief because he was not the regular family physician, and the little fellow choked to death.

— The editor of the Elk County Gazette sat down in one of the numerous St. Mary's beer saloons, between drinks, the other day, and wrote a brilliant local for his paper, in which he spoke of us as the "four-eyed individual." The old boy must have been pretty for gone if he could see and even think double. We have two very good eyes, and only two.

— An exchange is authority for the statement that orders have been issued by the Pennsylvania Railroad company to have the entire length of their main line well ballasted before the 10th of May—the time fixed for the opening of the Centennial—and that in order to accomplish this feat a large additional force of laborers is now being employed.

— A number of our friends have been the recipients from us during the past few days of notes of invitation (to pay up) which we hope will be promptly complied with, for the sake of our creditors. We are sure no one would take any offense at receiving them if they knew how sad we feel at the necessity of sending them. We groaned inwardly, so to speak, as we paid the necessary postage.

— The Republicans of old Allegany county, N. Y., have allowed the democracy a taste of victory for a year or two past, but at the late township election they concluded to take charge of things again. Of course the democrats are salty, but they were tried and found wanting, and should not grumble because the people begin to find out that their party is not yet trustworthy.

— L. S. Bard has been filling the position of bar-tender at Wright's Hotel in a very acceptable manner since Frank received his license. "Less." admits that he is tending bar, but prefers for the sake of his position in social circles that if we mention the matter at all that we speak of him as the "book-keeper." His delicacy of feeling on the subject does him infinite honor.

— We perfectly agree with our correspondent in another column in regard to the question of the walk to the depot. We can see no reason why the section from Dr. McCoy's to the covered bridge cannot as well be built immediately. It only rests with the property owners, and they are the ones to growl at. Do not wait to be compelled to build it, gentlemen, but let us have the walk at once. You cannot earn the good-will of your neighbors any cheaper or easier.

— The station agent at Liberty undertook a few days ago to step on the engine of a freight train, and was struck by the tender and knocked down senseless upon the platform, from which he rolled to within six inches of the passing train, between the platform and track. He fortunately remained senseless and quiet until the train passed, or the accident might have resulted in loss of limbs or worse. It is a wonder that no more of these careless railroad men are not mangled.

— The Well near Wilcox.—A contract has been let to Lytle & Yeazie to put down a test well about six miles south-west of Wilcox, on the west branch of the Clarion, close by the site of the old well, the gas from which will be used as fuel for drilling.

The depth proposed is 1500 feet. At 1400 feet oil is the sanguine prospective oil prince, and we know that he has secured a competent operator in Mr. Lytle.—Bradford Era.

— The editor of the Corning Journal believes his paper worth two dollars a year and he does not want any one to take that paper for less [illegible] [illegible] [illegible]

FARM, GARDEN AND HOUSEHOLD.

Household Hints.

COCOANUT CAKE.—Four cups of flour, three of sugar, one cup of milk, five eggs, beaten separately (save the whites of three for icing), one cup of butter, two teaspoonfuls of cream of tartar, one teaspoonful of soda, the half of a cocoanut grated and put into the cake, the other half put with the whites of three eggs and half a cup of powdered sugar, with a little orange water or lemon juice for the icing; bake the cake in jelly pans, when done, spread the icing between and on top; put in the oven for a few minutes.

CHICKEN SALAD.—Boil a chicken; do not chop very fine; cut up one branch of celery, the size of a cent; to make the dressing, wash smooth the yolk of a hard boiled egg, one full teaspoonful of salt, one or two tablespoonfuls of made mustard; stir in slowly four tablespoonfuls of sweet oil, then two tablespoonfuls of vinegar; pour over the chicken and celery.

Tincture of capsicum put on the fingers will cure a child from biting the nails. A friend of mine cured her child of the habit by promising her a dollar when her nails should be long enough to eat.

BEAUTIFUL CAKE.—Three cups of sugar, two of butter, six of flour, one of sour milk (or sweet), with a little cream, five eggs, raisins, and a little fruit of any kind, one teaspoonful of soda, two of cream of tartar; two loaves.

YEAST.—Boil one large handful of hops in two quarts of water from five to ten minutes; have ready four raw potatoes, grated, one cup of sugar, four tablespoonfuls of flour, two tablespoonfuls of salt, and strain the water from the hops over these; put into a pail, and cook like custard for a few minutes in a kettle of water; when cool enough put in a yeast cake, or a sufficient quantity of any good yeast, and keep warm until well raised.

Fruit Garden and Vineyard.

The fruit garden should be confined to what are known as the small fruits, and no trees larger than dwarf pears are to be grown in it.

The **Kittatinny** blackberry is the most generally successful. Wilson's Early as a good market fruit. Set in rows six feet apart, as early as possible. The canes of both blackberries and raspberries grow one year, bear fruit the next, and then die.

Currants.—**Versailles**, White Grape, and Black Naples. Set four or five feet apart, and manure well.

Gooseberries are set the same distances; the English sorts rarely escape mildew, Downing's and Houghton's are the best for kitchen uses.

Raspberries.—**Set** in rows six feet apart and the plants four feet apart. The Philadelphia is the most hardy and productive, but the fruit inferior. Clarke, Herstine, Hudson River, Antwerp, and Brinckle's Orange are choice sorts, but mostly tender. Highland Hardy is a new kind highly praised; of the black raspberries, the Miami and Seneca.

Strawberries.—After trying various methods, we have adopted cultivation in rows three feet apart, the plants a foot apart. When the bed needs to be renewed, the runners are allowed to take root in the intermediate spaces; when well established, all save one row of these young plants are spaded up. Charles Downing still proves the best family berry for all soils; Wilson is only fit for market. Nicanor is good on heavy soils. Black Defiance is a fine fruit for home use. Triomphe de Gand and Jucunda give fine large fruit on heavy, an does Seth Boyden on light, soils.

Grapes can be grown in the most limited space, and may be trained to a fence, the side of a building, or to a trellis made for the purpose. They may be set from eight to twelve feet apart, according to the space to be covered. Do not cut old vines; these one or two years old are preferable.—*Agriculturist*.

To Make Boots Durable.

The durability of the soles of boots may be greatly increased by coating them with gum copal varnish, which also has the effect of making them waterproof. Four or five coats should be given, allowing each coat of varnish to dry before the succeeding one is applied. Soles thus treated possess twice the usual durability, and generally outlast the best uppers. The leather uppers of boots or shoes may be rendered soft and waterproof by rubbing into them, while warm, before the fire, a mixture composed of four ounces of hog's fat and one ounce of resin.

Hog Cholera.

The disease can be wholly prevented by feeding a plentiful supply of wood coals and ashes and giving copperas in their drink in proportions of one-half pound to ten hogs. Farmers will find hogs will thrive any feed to eat coals and ashes, and when treated in this way can mingle with cholera hogs without danger. It will be necessary to keep them from all drinks until they partake of the copperas water freely. From an Ohio farmer, who speaks from experience.

A Mysterious Ringing.

The Wilmington (Del.) *Commercial* says: For some time past the occupants of a house on West street have been annoyed by the almost continual ringing of their door bell, but on answering it no one was to be found at the door. Soon they became suspicious that it was done by mischievous boys, and a watch set, but all to no purpose, as the bell still changed away, and no ringer to be seen. The superstitious attributed it to unearthly causes, and doubtless our spiritualistic friends would have windy articles in our papers shortly, explaining the "rappings," had it not been discovered that the ringing was caused by a rat running along a wire in the cellar. Since his capture the "manifestations" have ceased.

NEWS OF THE WEEK.

What to Do(ne) in the Old World and the New.

It is reported that a great battle has taken place recently near Vassegovich, Herzegovina, in which the Turks were totally defeated. ... A committee of the Louisiana House will investigate the charges demanding the impeachment of Gov. Kellogg .....Gen. Babcock will no longer be private secretary to the President. .....Gov. Ames, of Mississippi, has been impeached by the House ..... A bill passed the United States Senate authorizing the issue of four and one-half per cent. bonds to run thirty instead of fifteen years, and increasing the amount to $300,000,000 ...By the burning of a tenement house at La Mals, Iowa, a woman and her three small children were burned to death. The father immediately became a raving maniac.....A few days ago a story was telegraphed to the effect that the Kern Valley bank, Cal., had been robbed by masked men, who overpowered and chloroformed the cashier while he was working on his books in the evening. It now transpires that the cashier robbed the bank and concocted the story to cover his misdeeds. He was arrested, and has confessed where he hid the funds..... It is probable that there will be trouble between Japan and China over Corea .....The Delaware, Lackawanna and Western railroad will have its gauge narrowed to the new standard in a short time.

Mrs. John Martin, while intoxicated, fell off a bank at Amoskeag Village, N. H., and was frozen to death Servia is mustering in her able-bodied men preparatory for war... The Mary Bella, the largest steamer on the Mississippi, was destroyed by fire while at her dock at Vicksburg, Miss. Three persons were lost. The steamer and cargo were valued at $500,000. Three schooners lying in the Hudson, near New York city, were boarded by six masked men, who made the crews give up all articles of value by intimidating them with revolvers .....In consequence of an attempted outbreak in the jail at Mantenain, India, the guards fired upon the prisoners, killing eleven and wounding several others .....The Washington *Tribune* has changed hands, and will hereafter be published in the interests of the Democracy. ... Mr. E. C. Longley, a Methodist deacon, while preaching a sermon in Brooklyn, N. Y., fell dead in the pulpit. ... Gen. Crook, with several companies of cavalry, has gone to Wyoming to punish the Sioux who are on the war path ..... A four-year-old daughter of William Berry, of Commonville, Mass., was locked in a room by her mother while the latter was absent on an errand. The child's clothes caught fire from a stove, and she was burned to a crisp when discovered.... Maximilian Hergenthan and William S. Bruno, agents of the New York "industrial exhibition," have been arrested, and held in bail in the sum of $100,000.... New York city has to pay $18,000 to a man who was injured by the falling of a street awning.

The famous Cheyenning claim has been decided adversely. An appeal will be taken. ..... A mob of masked men broke into the jail at Lebanon, Tenn., and took therefrom Porter Williamson, a colored murderer, whom they hung and then shot. Williamson, who had previously confessed his crime, had been granted three trials, which tardy justice was probably the cause of the lynching ...In consequence of the destruction of the workhouses connected with the California State prison at San Quentin, and a fear lest the one thousand prisoners should revolt, it was necessary to call out the militia. The damage of the fire was estimated at $700,000 It was officially announced in Madrid that the Carlist war was at an end, and that Don Carlos has entered France and asked French hospitality. ....The French minister of the interior has issued a circular stating that it is unnecessary to begin prosecutions for violation of the press law during the elections which were then proceeded with: A tornado swept over several of the Western States, doing considerable damage at several points where it seems to have concentrated its full force. At St. Charles, Mo., although it lasted but five minutes, over twenty houses and other buildings were demolished. A father and son were killed and others wounded. At Princeton, Ind., fifty houses were totally destroyed and fifty more badly damaged. Eight persons were seriously injured, four of whose wounds will prove fatal. The damage in the surrounding country will prove very heavy, as great numbers of fruit trees, outbuildings and fences were prostrated.

The cessation of the civil war in Spain was celebrated in all the large towns of the country. Work on the railways and roads will be at once commenced .....Don Carlos has been ordered by the French authorities away from Pau. It is reported that he is going to England .... Russia has incorporated Khokand among her possessions, and appointed General Skobeleff governor of the province. ... It is rumored that the Herzegovinian insurgents will reject the reforms proffered by Turkey, and they invite the Dominican chief to co-operate with them . The national rifle association of great Britain will not be represented at the Centennial rifle contest for the championship of the world .. Reports from the inundated districts of Hungary state that one hundred manufactories and fifty other buildings at New Pesth have been undermined and fallen. It is feared that when the waters recede a vast number of houses in Buda and other places along the river will fall. Twelve thousand out of the eighteen thousand inhabitants of Alt-Ofen are homeless Hon. Henry C. Robinson was nominated by the Republicans of Connecticut for governor, on a hard money, free school, anti-third term platform. The convention offered to the national convention the claims of Marshal Jewell for President.

Mr. Marsh, of New York city, appeared before the United States House committee on war expenditures, in obedience to a subpœna, and testified that he had procured of Mr. Belknap, secretary of war, a contract for certain post traderships at Fort Sill and other points in the southwest, for which he paid the wife of the secretary $12,000 cash, and continued to pay as long as he retained the same $6,000 per annum. The secretary admitted the charge and at once tendered his resignation to the President. The affair created a deep sensation in the whole country. William Worth Belknap was born in Iowa, in 1831, and is now forty-five years of age. He graduated at the New Jersey College in 1848, and practiced law for several years, and served a term in the Ohio legislature. He served through the war, and commanded a division under Sherman in the West. He was appointed collector of internal revenue, and, at the death of Secretary of War John J. Rawlins, was appointed by President Grant to fill the vacancy.

Col. Gerbon, the Egyptian explorer, has returned to Cairo, after unsuccessfully endeavoring to survey equatorial Africa..... Spain is about to send thirty thousand men to Cuba..... The entry of the Alfonsist troops into Madrid is to be celebrated by three days' bull fights and other festivities.....The direct cable has been again repaired, and is now in good working order. The officers claim that the ends of the broken cable showed conclusively that it had been cut from malice. ..... A Vienna dispatch reports that fifty-five Hungarian villages near the Austrian border are entirely submerged, the water over some of them being nineteen feet deep..... General Sheridan wants two more military posts in the Black Hills country, and thinks he can build them for $300,000..... Minister Schenck published a card in the London papers declaring the statements about him in regard to the Emma mine as a tissue of infamous falsehoods, and stated that he had leave of absence and would leave immediately for the United States to confront his calumniators.....Eight ladies graduated from the Boston medical school this year.....Portugal's contribution to the Centennial is about ready for shipment. .....The clerk of the Bingham House, Philadelphia, was found guilty under the civil rights law for refusing a room to a colored clergyman.... The February statement from the Treasury department shows the total debt to be $2,432,570,420 79: less cash in the treasury, $2,119,233,030.80; decrease during the month, $3,272,733.

Mr. Chas. O'Conor has resumed the management of New York city's $3,000,000 suit against Tweed. ..The British steamer Bothnia, from New Orleans for Liverpool, was burned at sea. The crew arrived safely at Southampton..... A Herzegovinian manifesto asserts the idea of peace, and demands either "true independence or death."..... The town of Little Popo, on the African gold coast, has been partially destroyed by fire. Nearly every house contained gunpowder, which exploded as the flames reached it, greatly augmenting the damage. Fifty natives were killed by the explosion, while robbing the burning houses.... The Louisiana House voted to discontinue further impeachment proceedings against Gov. Kellogg .... A steam scow engaged in removing obstructions from Columbia river, Cal., exploded, and one man was killed, two fatally injured, and twelve are missing, supposed to have been drowned.....Isaiah Griffin, a col red man, was hanged at Portsmouth, Va., for outraging his brother's wife..... The supreme court of Maryland has decided a bank to be answerable for bonds deposited for collaterals, in case the bonds are stolen from the bank.... Mrs. Jerome F. Miller, a lunatic, of Milwaukee, Wis., rang the bell at the residence of Dr. Garner, and as he opened the door the woman discharged a revolver at him, wounding him mortally.

FORTY-FOURTH CONGRESS.

The Business of General Interest Transacted.

SENATE.

Mr. Conkling (Rep.), of New York, presented concurrent resolutions of the New York Legislature against the granting of a subsidy to the Texas Pacific railroad and other internal improvements.

On motion of Mr. Sherman (Rep.), of Ohio, the Senate took up the bill reported by the finance committee to amend the acts authorizing the refunding of the national debt. Mr. Sherman said the bill was recommended by the secretary of the treasury. The bill as passed amends the acts named so as to provide that the amount of bonds authorized to be issued bearing four and one-half per cent. interest be increased to $300,000,000, and that they be payable at the pleasure of the United States after thirty years from the date of their issue, instead of after fifteen years. It also provides that the act shall not be construed to authorize any increase of the total amount of indebtedness now provided for by the acts named, nor to authorize any increase whatever of the bonded debt of the United States.

Mr. Wright (Rep.), of Iowa, from the committee on civil service and retrenchment, reported favorably on the Senate bill for fixing the salary of the President of the United States. Placed on the calendar. It provides that from and after the fourth of March, 1877, it shall be fixed at $25,000 per annum.

On motion of Mr. Pitchcock (Rep.), of Nebraska, the Senate took up the House bill to amend the act of March 3, 1873, to enable the people of Colorado to form a constitution and State government, and for the admission of said State into the Union on an equal footing with the original States. The bill was read a third time and passed.

The Senate resumed consideration of the bill making appropriation for the support of the military academy for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1877, the pending question being on the amendment of the committee on appropriations to strike out the clause appropriating $2,436 for sixteen musicians for companies, and insert in lieu thereof the following: For the pay of the military academy band, $14,889, and it was agreed to. Other amendments, appropriating various amounts, were agreed to, and the bill was read a third time and passed.

The Chair laid before the Senate a message from the President of the United States inclosing a communication from the secretary of the interior, in regard to disturbances in supplies at the Red Cloud Indian agency in Nebraska, and recommending favorable action on the estimates submitted by the secretary to supply such disturbances. Ordered to be printed and referred to the committee on Indian affairs.

Mr. Alcorn (Rep.), of Mississippi, introduced a bill appropriating $3,200,000 to repair and in part rebuild the levees of the Mississippi river; providing for its expenditure, and for other purposes. Referred to the select committee on the Mississippi levees.

Mr. Morrill (Rep.), of Vermont, from the committee on public buildings and grounds, reported favorably on the House bill appropriating $75,000 for the purchase of material and for the continuation of the work on the building for a custom house at St. Louis. The bill was then read a third time and passed

HOUSE.

The following bills were introduced and referred:

Mr. Warren (Dem.), of Massachusetts, authorizing the payment to the executor of Henry Wilson, late Vice-President of the United States, of an amount equal to the salary of Vice-President for the unexpired portion of the term for which he was elected.

Mr. Odell (Dem.), of New York, appropriating $35,000 for a monument in commemoration of the capture of Major Andre by Paulding, Williams, and Van Wert, near the town of Greenburg, Westchester county, N. Y.

Mr. Wells (Dem.), of New York, to simplify the existing laws imposing duties on imports and to reduce the rates thereon; also to reduce the duty on tea and coffee, and to enlarge the free list.

Mr. Waddell (Dem.), of North Carolina, to restore the Franking privilege.

Mr. Hooker, of Dakota, declaring the Black Hills open to exploration and settlement.

The Speaker laid before the House a message from the President urging the necessity of an immediate appropriation to supply the deficiency of the Red Cloud Indian agency. The message was referred to the committee on appropriations.

The House then took up the bill limiting the cost of a custom house building at Memphis, Tenn., to $400,000. After discussion the bill was passed. Ayes 176, nays 57.

Mr. Burnham (Dem.), of Kentucky, offered a resolution instructing the judiciary committee to inquire what legislation is necessary to secure indemnity to the United States for the interest on said bonds of the Pacific railroad companies, and also to secure indemnity against the liability of the United States to pay the principal; also, to what extent the rates of freight and transportation on those roads can be regulated by Congress, so as to make them less burdensome to the public. Adopted.

Mr. Hardenbergh (Dem.), of New Jersey, from the centennial committee, reported a bill recommending the people of the several States to assemble in their respective counties or towns on the approaching centennial anniversary, and to cause to be delivered a historical sketch of the county or town from its formation, copies of which are to be filed in the county clerk's office and in the library of Congress, so that a complete record may thus be had of the progress of the republic. Passed.

Mr. Foster (Rep.), of Ohio, from the committee on appropriations, reported the bill transferring the custody of certain Indian trust funds from the secretary of the interior to the treasurer of the United States. Passed.

Mr. Randall (Dem.), of Pennsylvania, reported a bill appropriating $153,000 to provide for engraving, printing, and other expenses of making and issuing United States notes, and directing the secretary of the treasury to issue silver coins of the denominations of ten, twenty, twenty-five, and fifty cents in redemption of an equal amount of fractional currency, and to provide for such redemption until the whole amount of fractional currency is redeemed. Ordered to be printed and recommitted.

Mr. Snyder (Dem.), of Ohio, reported a bill declaring valid all suspended entries of public lands in which the commissioner of the general land office has decided that patents shall issue and which have been confirmed by the secretary of the interior and the attorney-general, and repealing section 2,462 of the revised statutes Passed.

Mr. Sayler also reported a bill to amend the act of March 3d, 1875, to encourage the growth of timber on the Western prairies. Passed.

The Schoolmaster's Shot.

In some interesting reminiscences of old stage coach times, a writer in the Buffalo *Commercial Advertiser* relates the following story of a rifle shooting match he once attended in Springfield, Mass., while in the stage business there: A lank, raw-boned young chap from the Green mountains in Vermont had been engaged to teach a winter school in the precincts of that town, and having made the acquaintance of the young men thereabout, they were inclined to poke fun at him, and rarely lost an opportunity of indulging their propensity for amusement. One day they got up a rifle shooting match, and asked the young Green mountainer to take a hand with them, presuming that he was as "green" in rifle practice as in the more elegant civilities of life on which they plumed themselves. The boy joined, on condition that he should "fin the target in a way to suit himself," to which they readily agreed. The stake was quite considerable in dollars, and the distance long. The ground was measured off and the target set. Some fair shots had been made, which by common consent "couldn't be beat." Then the boy arrived with rifle and ammunition, and a trusty, stout attendant. The shooters, of course, supposed he would shoot wide, and that they would win an easy victory over him. But his attendant brought along a three-legged stool on which was adjusted a broad, funnel-shaped tube of tin about two feet in diameter at the outer end, and tapering down at a distance of some two feet more to a small hole about the size of the target, or bull's eye, to which the ball was directed. "What are you going to do with that machine?" asked the shooting men. "I'll show you," said the schoolmaster, "for you told me I could fix the target to suit myself, and so I mean to." They had to submit, of course, and he adjusted his machine in such a way that if his ball struck anywhere within the funnel it would go straight to the mark. Everything ready, our hero drew up with steady aim and drove his ball direct to the mark, which he repeated three times handrunning, greatly to the discomfiture of his tanterers. Although they claimed that it was not fair play, the umpire decided that it was, and gave the schoolmaster the stakes! The fun soon ran over the whole town, and the master had a "wide berth" thereafter, and no further practical jokes were attempted upon him.

A Delightful Legend.

There is a beautiful legend connected with the site on which the temple of Solomon was erected. It is said to have been occupied in common by two brothers, one of whom had a family, but the other had none. On the spot was a field of wheat. On the evening succeeding the harvest, the two had been gathered in shocks, the elder brother said to his wife:

"My younger brother is unable to bear the burden and heat of the day. I will arise, take off my shocks and place them with his, without his knowledge."

The younger brother, being actuated by the same benevolent motives, said within himself:

"My elder brother has a family and I have none. I will contribute to their support. I will arise, take off my shocks, and place them with his, without his knowledge."

Judge of their astonishment when, on the following morning, they found that their respective shocks were undiminished. This course of events transpired for several nights, when each resolved in his own mind to stand guard and, if possible, solve the mystery. They did so, when, on the following night, they met each other half way between their respective shocks with their arms full.

Upon ground hallowed by such associations as this was the temple of King Solomon erected—co spacious, so magnificent, the wonder and admiration of the world.

Never Another One.

A Danbury man put a pair of nine-dollar shoes in the stove oven to dry the other day. There was not much fire in the stove and so he closed the oven door. The next morning he built the fire without the thought of the shoes, and it was not until an hour later that they occurred to him. They were ruined then. The colors were turned up in a playful manner, and the uppers resembled somewhat the coat of Maine. He didn't say a word. Sadly and silently he was removing them with a shovel, when his wife came in and saw at a glance what had happened.

"Well, that's just like a man!" she indiscreetly exclaimed. "Why didn't you have sense enough to look into the oven before you started the fire?"

He hadn't said a single word of his loss, but now he spoke:

"Gosh darn my eyes if I'll ever build another fire!"

And he is keeping his word. When will a woman learn wisdom?

You should not stone your neighbor, but you may rock his baby.

Where Does it All Come From.

Pints and quarts of filthy catarrhal discharge. Where does it all come from? The mucous membrane which lines the chambers of the nose, and its little glands, are diseased, so that they draw from the blood its liquid, and exposure to the air changes it into corruption. This life liquid is needed to build up the system, but it is extracted, and the system is weakened by the loss. To cure, gain flesh and strength by using Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which also acts directly upon these glands, correcting them, and apply Dr. Sage's Catarrh Remedy, with Dr. Pierce's Nasal Douche, the only method of reaching the upper cavities, where the discharge accumulates and comes from. The instrument and both medicines sold by druggists and dealers in medicines.

GOOD ADVICE.—The grand jury of Polk county, Ga., thus admonishes two rival editors: "We also feel it our duty to censure the course and conduct of our two newspapers towards each other, and urgently request the two editors to cease wrangling about themselves and branch off into agricultural articles or others that will tend to develop the interests and welfare of our county."

Brown paper blankets, for poor men's beds, are being manufactured in England.

Chapped hands, face, pimples, ringworms, saltrheum, and other cutaneous affections cured, and rough skin made soft and smooth, by using JUNIPER TAR SOAP. Be careful to get only that made by Caswell, Hazard & Co., New York, as there are many imitations made with common tar, all of which are worthless.—*Com.*

Important to Persons Visiting New York or the Centennial.

The GRAND UNION HOTEL, New York, opposite the Grand Central depot, has over 350 elegantly furnished rooms. Elevator, steam, and all modern improvements. European plan. Carriage hire is saved, as baggage is taken to and from the depot, free of expense. The restaurants supplied with the best. Guests can live better for less money at the Grand Union, than at any other first-class hotel. Stages and cars pass the hotel constantly to all parts of the city, and to Philadelphia depot.

DR. SCHENCK'S STANDARD REMEDIES.

The standard remedies for all diseases of the lungs are SCHENCK'S PULMONIC SYRUP, SCHENCK'S SEA WEED TONIC, and SCHENCK'S MANDRAKE PILLS, and, if taken before the lungs are destroyed, a speedy cure is effected.

To these three medicines Dr. J. H. Schenck, of Philadelphia, owes his unrivaled success in the treatment of pulmonary diseases.

The Pulmonic Syrup ripens the morbid matter in the lungs, causes them to cast off by an easy expectoration, for when the phlegm or matter is ripe a slight cough will throw it off, the patient has rest and the lungs begin to heal.

To enable the Pulmonic Syrup to do this, Schenck's Mandrake Pills and Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic must be freely used to cleanse the stomach and liver. Schenck's Mandrake Pills act on the liver, removing all obstructions, relax the gall bladder, the bile starts freely, and the liver is soon relieved.

Schenck's Sea Weed Tonic is a gentle stimulant and alterative, the alkali of which it is composed mixes with the food and prevents scurvy. It assists the digestion by toning up the stomach to a healthy condition, so that the food and the Pulmonic Syrup will make good blood, then the lungs heal, and the patient will surely get well if care is taken to prevent fresh cold.

All who wish to consult Dr. Schenck, either personally or by letter, can do so at his principal office, corner of Hanover and Arch Streets, Philadelphia, every Monday.

Schenck's medicines are sold by all druggists throughout the country.

The Markets.

NEW YORK.		
Beef Cattle—Prime to Extra Bullocks	13½@	12½
Common to Good Texans	09¼@	09¼
Milch Cows	00 @80	00
Hogs—Live	08¼@	08¼
Dressed	10½@	10½
Sheep	06 @	08
Lambs		
Cotton—Middling	12¾@	12¾
Flour—Extra Western	6 25 @	6 50
State Extra	6 15 @	6 50
Wheat—Red Western	1 27 @	1 27
No. 2 Spring	1 @	1 26½
Rye—State	80 @	85
Barley—State	70 @	75
Barley Malt	90 @	1 45
Oats—Mixed Western	43 @	47½
Corn—Mixed Western	61 @	63½
Hay, per cwt	65 @	1 10
Straw, per cwt	65 @	1 10
Hops	75@—18 @10	olds 06 @ 06
Pork—Mess	22 75 @	23 00
Lard	12¾@	13½
Fish—Mackerel, No. 1, new	25 00 @	28 00
" No. 3, new	18 00 @	17 00
Dry Cod, per cwt	6 75 @	6 50
Herring, Scaled, per box	20 @	20
Petroleum—Crude	08½@08¾	Refined, 14¼
Wool—California Fleece	20 @	33
" Texas	30 @	32
" Australian	43 @	50
Butter—State	24 @	40
" Western Dairy	23 @	27
" Western Yellow	20 @	21
" Western Ordinary	16 @	18
" Pennsylvania Fine	@	—
Cheese—State Factory	07½@	14
" State Skimmed	04 @	07
" Western	06¾@	12
Eggs—State	19½@	20
ALBANY.		
Wheat	1 37 @	1 37
Rye—State	91 @	93
Corn—Mixed	58 @	64
Barley—State	84 @	94
Oats—State	38 @	50
BUFFALO.		
Flour	6 00 @	9 75
Wheat—No. 1 Spring	1 37 @	1 37
Corn—Mixed	50 @	50
Oats	38 @	43
Rye	75 @	75
Barley	15 @	95
BALTIMORE.		
Cotton—Low Middlings	12¾@	13¾
Flour—Extra	6 75 @	8 75
Wheat—Red Western	1 40 @	1 40
Rye	78 @	78
Corn—Yellow	60 @	60
Oats—Mixed	45 @	46
Petroleum	09¾@	09¾
PHILADELPHIA.		
Beef Cattle—Extra	06¾@	07¾
Sheep	04½@	07¾
Hogs—Dressed	12 @	11¾
Flour—Pennsylvania Extra	6 @	8 00
Wheat—Western Red	1 15 @	1 15
Rye	84 @	85
Corn—Yellow	54 @	58
" Mixed	55 @	56
Oats—Mixed	41 @	42
Petroleum—Crude	11 @11	Refined, 14
WATERTOWN, MASS.		
Beef Cattle—Poor to Choice	5 00 @	9 00
Sheep	2 00 @	6 00
Lambs	3 00 @	6 00

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